

## Million Hearts® and Controlling Hypertension in Adults: Guidance for the Use of Protocols

August 26<sup>th</sup>, 2014

2:00 pm - 3:00pm CT









#### **Welcome & Introductions**

John Clymer, Executive Director National Forum for Heart Disease and Stroke Prevention



#### **Objectives:**

- At the end of the webinar, participants will be able to:
- Identify how protocols may be part of a systems approach to improving blood pressure control rates;
- Summarize the recommended elements of effective hypertension protocols and their use for successful adoption;
- Identify why hypertension protocols/algorithms may be useful; and
- Utilize Million Hearts® tools and resources.





## **Agenda**

Time	Agenda Item / Topic	Speaker / Facilitator
2:00 – 2:05	Welcome and Introductions	John Clymer, Executive Director, National Forum for Heart Disease and Stroke Prevention
2:05 - 2:15	Overview of Million Hearts®	<b>John Clymer</b> , National Forum for Heart Disease and Stroke Prevention
2:15 – 2:45	Controlling Hypertension in Adults: Guidance for the Use of Protocols	<b>Dr. Mary Ann Bauman</b> , M.D., Medical Director for Women's Health and Community Relations, INTEGRIS Health Inc.
2:45 – 2:57	Q and A	John Clymer, National Forum for Heart Disease and Stroke Prevention
2:57 - 3:00	Final Remarks	John Clymer, National Forum for Heart Disease and Stroke Prevention



### **Overview of Million Hearts®**





### Million Hearts®

## Goal: Prevent 1 million heart attacks and strokes by 2017

- US Department of Health and Human Services initiative, co-led by:
  - Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC)
  - Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS)
- Partners across federal and state agencies and private organizations





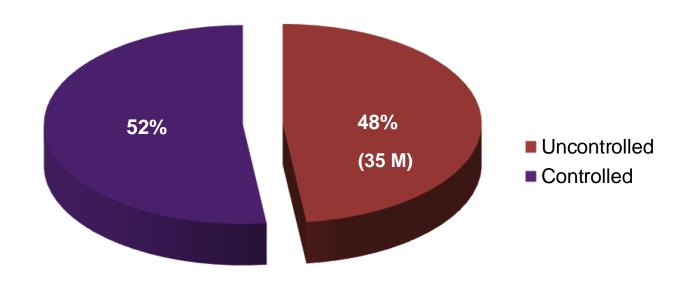
## **Getting to Goal**

Intervention	2009-2010 Measure Value	2017 Target	Clinical target
Aspirin for those at risk	54%	65%	70%
Blood pressure control	52%	65%	70%
Cholesterol management	33%	65%	70%
Smoking cessation	22%	65%	70%
Smoking prevalence	26%	10% reduction (~24%)	
Sodium reduction	3580 mg/day	20% reduction (~2900 mg/day)	
Trans fat reduction (artificial)	0.6% of calories	100% reduction (0% of calories)	

/ Hearts<sup>®</sup>

## Fewer than Half of Americans with Hypertension Have It Under Control

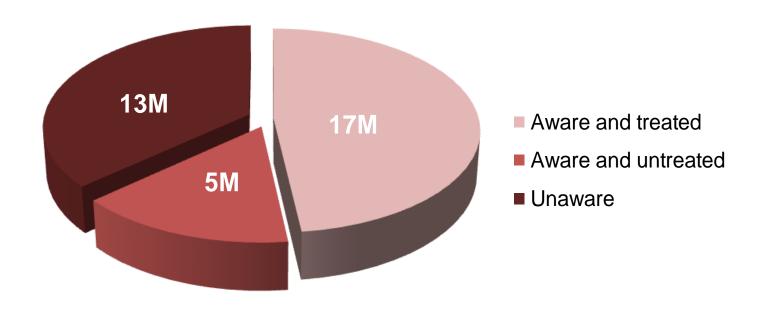
72 MILLION ADULTS WITH HYPERTENSION (31%)





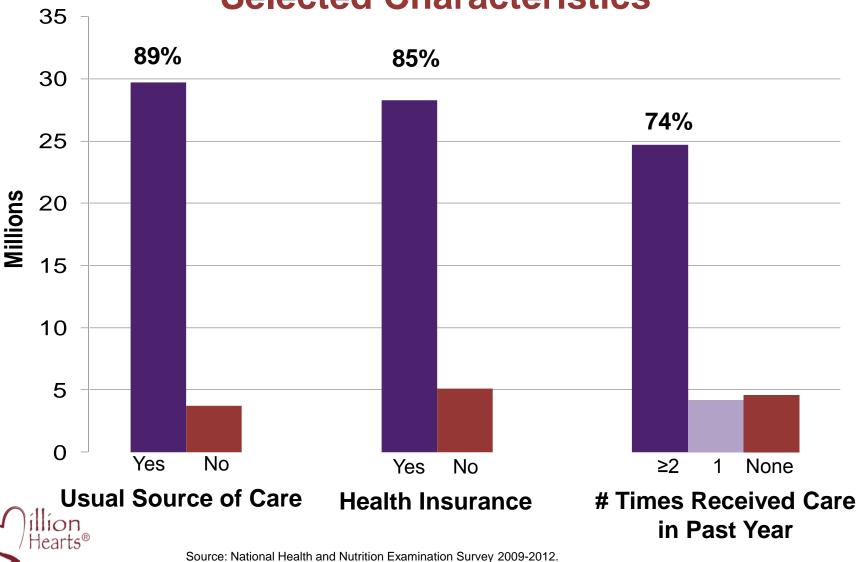
# Awareness and Treatment among Adults with Uncontrolled Hypertension

35 MILLION
ADULTS WITH UNCONTROLLED HYPERTENSION



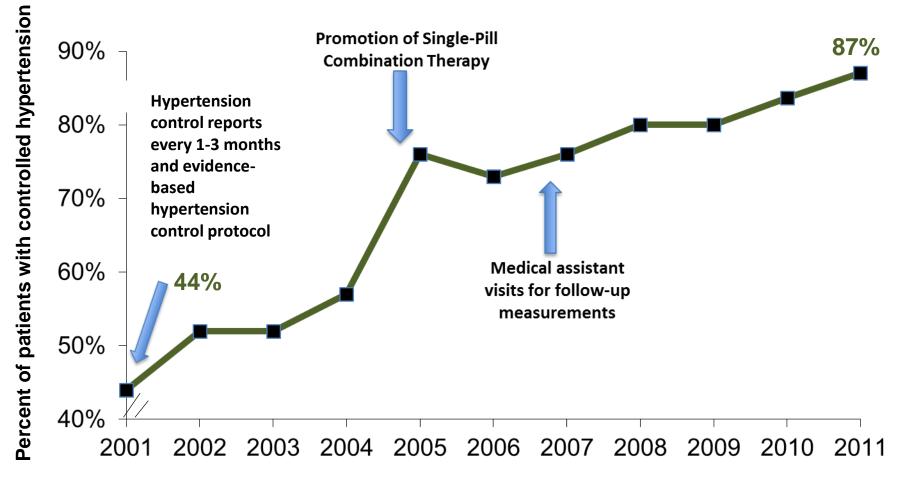


## Prevalence of Uncontrolled Hypertension by Selected Characteristics



#### Increase in Percent of Patients with Controlled Hypertension

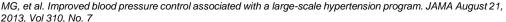
Kaiser Permanente Northern California hypertension control rates\*





\*NCQA: National Committee for Quality Assurance; HEDIS: Healthcare Effectiveness Data and Information Set; KPNC: Kaiser Permanente Northern California

Source: Jaffe









### **Clinical Quality Measures**

- Clinical quality measures help measure and track performance in the ABCS
- Million Hearts<sup>®</sup> focuses on:
  - Simple, uniform set of measures
  - Data collected or extracted in the workflow of care
  - Link performance to incentives
- In the future public health and clinical quality data will be available via electronic medical records and Health Information Exchanges





### **Clinical Quality Measures**

ABCS	Number	Measure	
Α	PQRS 204 NQF 0068	Use of Aspirin or Another Antithrombotic	
В	PQRS 317	Preventive Care and Screening: Screening for High Blood Pressure	
В	PQRS 236 NQF 0018	Hypertension: Controlling High Blood Pressure	
C (EHR)	C (EHR) PQRS 316 Preventive Care and Screening: Cholesterol – Fasting Low D Lipoprotein (LDL) Test Performed AND Risk-Stratified Fasting		





## Clinical Quality Measures (cont'd)

ABCS	Number	Measure	
C (No EHR)	PQRS #2 NQF #0064	Diabetes Mellitus: Low Density Lipoprotein (LDL-C) Control in Diabetes Mellitus	
C (No EHR)		Ischemic Vascular Disease (IVD): Complete Lipid Panel and Low Density Lipoprotein (LDL-C) Control	
S	PQRS 226 NQF 0028  Preventive Care and Screening: Tobacco Use: Screening and Cessation Intervention		







life is why



## **Controlling Hypertension in Adults: Guidance for the Use of Protocols**

Dr. Mary Ann Bauman, M.D.

Medical Director for Women's Health and
Community Relations
INTEGRIS Health Inc.,
Chair, American Stroke Associations Advisory
Committee
Chair, The Guideline Advantage Steering
Committee

## **Our Strategic Approach**



### **Equipping Providers**



Help providers
"do the right thing" within
current HC system

- Protocol Standardization
- Incentives
- Increasing role of other Rph and others

## Motivating & Connecting Consumers



Create innovative solutions to empower consumers, strengthen connections to HCPs and create urgency for change

- Ubiquitous BP devices
- Worksite programs
- Technology to connect consumers w/HCPs
- Incentives

### Activating Communities



Provide communities with ownable, sustainable, scalable and customizable programs

- Health ambassadors
- Pharmacy infrastructure
- Apps to integrate consumers w/HCPs
- Community health worker curriculum

## Enhancing Systems of Care



Create accountability at all levels of care

- Create accountability at all levels of care
- Performance measures
- Surveillance system

#### **An Effective Approach to High Blood Pressure Control**

A Science Advisory From the American Heart Association, the American College of Cardiology, and the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention



## Teamwork key to controlling BP

Science advisory urges patient first approach

FULL STORY >>

#### Writing Group Members:

Alan S. Go, MD, MaryAnn Bauman, MD, SallyAnn King Coleman, MD, Gregg C. Fanorow, MD, Willie Lawrence, MD, Kim Williams, MD, Eduardo Sanchez, MD



## Blood Pressure Management is Multifactorial

#### Requires the engagement of ...

- Patients
- Families
- Providers
- Healthcare delivery system
- Communities





## System-level Approaches in Hypertension

- Identifying all patients eligible for management
- Monitoring at the practice/population level
- Increasing patient and provider awareness
- Providing an effective diagnosis and treatment guidelines
- Systematic follow-up of patients for initiation and intensification of therapy
- Clarifying roles of healthcare providers to implement a team approach
- Reducing barriers for patients to receive and adhere to medication as well as to implementing lifestyle modifications
- Leveraging the electronic medical records systems being established throughout the US to support each of these steps

Stroke

## Principles for Algorithm Development

- Based algorithm components and processes on the best available science
- Format to be simple to update as better information becomes available
- Create feasible, simple implementation strategy
- Include patient version at appropriate scientific and language literacy level
- Consider costs of diagnosis, monitoring, and treatment
- Develop algorithm in format easily used within a team approach to health care
- Develop algorithm in a format able to be incorporated into electronic health records for use as clinical decision support
- Include a disclaimer to ensure that the algorithm is not used to counter the treating healthcare provider's best clinical judgment

  American Heart Association

## Recommended Elements of Effective Algorithms

- Clarity and simplicity
- Lifestyle modification
- Treatment by stage of hypertension
- Time interval to titration and reassessment
- Use of low-cost 1st-line treatment
- Exclusions and suggestions for medications based on concurrent medical conditions







## Recommended Elements of Effective Algorithms

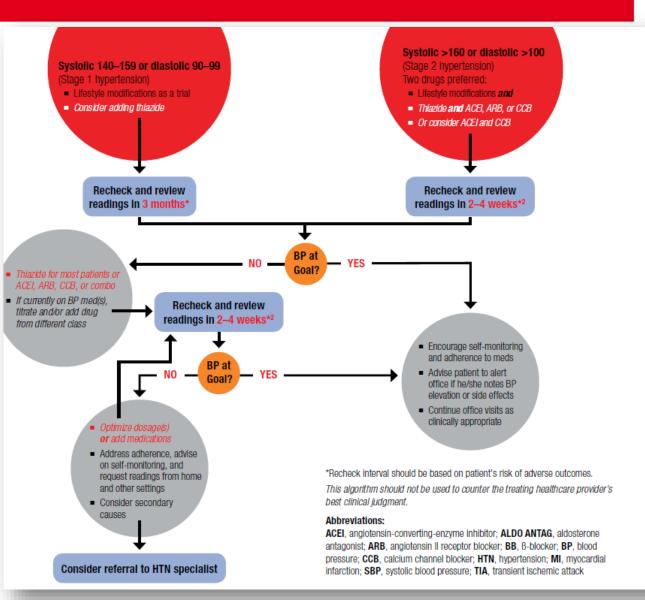
- Reminder of the underlying causes of non-essential or secondary hypertension
- Adherence-enhancing approaches such as fixed dose and/or combination drugs
- Indications for referral to hypertensive specialist
- Number needed to treat to avoid a clinical event
- Supporting references







## AHA/ACC/CDC Hypertension Treatment Algorithm



Modification	Recommendation	Approximate SBP Reduction (Range)**
Reduce weight	Maintain normal body weight (body mass index 18.5–24.9 kg/m²)	5–20 mm Hg/10 kg
Adopt DASH*5 eating plan	Consume a diet rich in fruits, vegetables, and low-fat dairy products with a reduced content of saturated and total fat	8–14 mm Hg
Lower sodium Intake <sup>s</sup>	a. Consume no more than 2,400 mg of sodium/day; b. Further reduction of sodium intake to 1,500 mg/day is desirable, since it is associated with even greater reduction in BP; and c. Reduce sodium intake by at least 1,000 mg/day since that will lower BP, even if the desired daily sodium intake is not achieved	2–8 mm Hg
Physical activity	Engage in regular aerobic physical activity such as brisk walking (at least 30 min per day, most days of the week)	4–9 mm Hg
Moderation of alcohol consumption	Limit consumption to no more than 2 drinks (e.g., 24 oz beer, 10 oz wine, or 3 oz 80-proof whiskey) per day in most men, and to no more than 1 drink per day in women and lighter weight persons	2–4 mm Hg

<sup>\*</sup> DASH, dietary approaches to stop hypertension

<sup>\*\*</sup> The effects of implementing these modifications are dose and time dependent, and could be greater for some individuals

# Elements Associated with Effective Adoption of Protocols Insights from Key Stakeholders



#### Audit and Feedback:

- Identify a key influencer to serve as a champion.
- Identify mentors to provide consultation on implementation.
- After baseline data are collected, discuss and set a goal, such as "Increase by 10%
  the number of hypertensive patients aged 18 years or older whose blood pressure is
  under control."
- Use an electronic or paper registry that identifies patients with high blood pressure and allows tracking over time.
- Use electronic health records to collate and analyze clinical information.
- Provide regular and timely feedback on performance to the entire health care team.
- Make performance data transparent and learn from those who are reaching the goal.
- Celebrate early wins.



## **Elements Associated with Effective Adoption of Protocols**

Insights from Key Stakeholders



#### **Team-Based Care:**

- Make hypertension control a priority.
- Fully use the expertise and scope of practice of every member of the health care team.
- Include the patient and family as key members of the team.
- Learn about community resources and recommend them to patients.
- Conduct pre-visit planning to make the most of the care encounter.
- Look for opportunities to check in with patients between visits and adjust medication dose as needed.









## **Elements Associated with Effective Adoption of Protocols**

Insights from Key Stakeholders



#### **Professional & Patient Education**

- Use of evidence for adopting and using protocols.
- Train the health care team on how to use the protocol.
- Training on how to measure blood pressure accurately.
- Calibrate and inspect equipment at to ensure correct blood pressure measurement.
- Emphasize the value of home blood pressure monitoring.
- Incorporate coaching and self-management into patient education and follow-up.







## THE GUIDELINE ADVANTAGE







Program Model





Practices submit collective clinical data to Forward Health Group for The Guideline Advantage











Data are processed, analyzed and provided back to the practice via a practice portal



Performance is measured,
Professionals can set measureable
goals and chart improvements in
performance

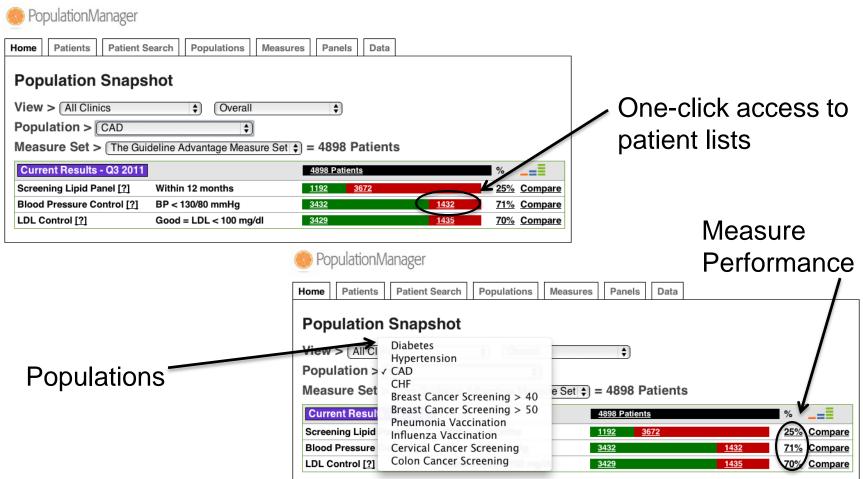








### Program Platform



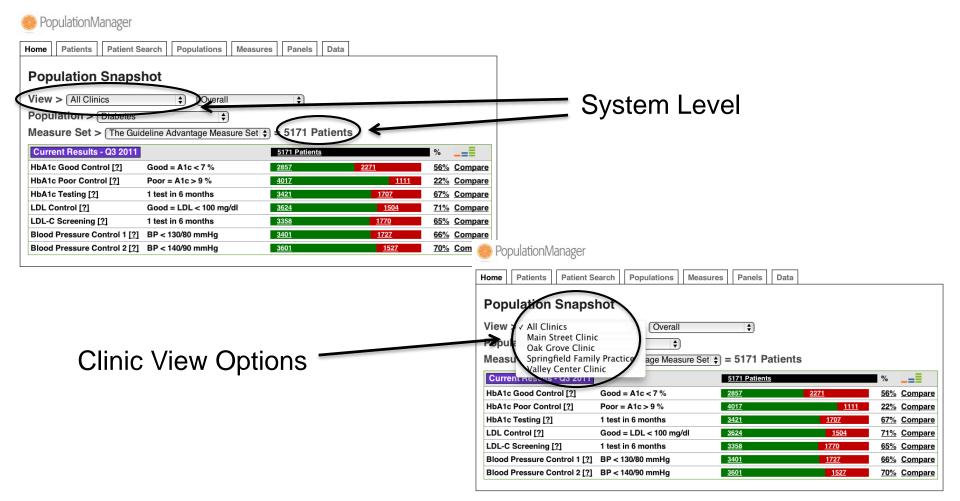








### Available Data aggregation











### Alignment with National Programs

#### Million Hearts Initiative

The Guideline Advantage reports on the "ABCS" measures of interest to Million Hearts



The program reports all adult UDS measures of interest to Community Health Centers and Federally Qualified Health Centers

#### Bridges to Excellence

The program can help systems participate in Bridges to Excellence, in markets where it is applicable, with no additional work required



#### Relevant AHA Reports, Statements, or Guidelines

- Heart Disease and Stroke Statistics—2014 Update (<u>Circulation. 2014: published online December 18, 2013, 10.1161/01.cir.0000441139.02102.80.)</u>
- AHA/ACC/CDC Science Advisory: An Effective Approach to HBP Control, 2013 (<u>Hypertension. 2013: published online before print November 15, 2013,</u> 10.1161/HYP.000000000000003.)
- Toolkits including the algorithm and education for your patients visit: <u>www.heart.org/hbptoolkit</u>
- Customizable template for your organization and for additional algorithm examples visit: <a href="http://millionhearts.hhs.gov/resources.html">http://millionhearts.hhs.gov/resources.html</a>





### **Questions & Answers**



**John Clymer** 

Executive Director

National Forum for Heart Disease

and Stroke Prevention





### Million Hearts® Hypertension Tools & Resources

- Hypertension Control: Action Steps for Clinicians
- <u>Elements Associated with Effective Adoption and Use of a Protocol</u>: Insights from Stakeholders
- Evidence-based Treatment Protocols for Improving Blood Pressure Control
- Protocol for Controlling Hypertension in Adults
- Protocol-Based Treatment of Hypertension: A Critical Step on the Pathway to Progress, The Journal of the American Medical Association
- Self-Measured Blood Pressure Monitoring Guide
- 2013 Hypertension Control Champions
- Grand Rounds:
  - Million Hearts® Grand Rounds
  - Hypertension Grand Rounds: Detect, Connect, and Control
- Visit <a href="http://millionhearts.hhs.gov/">http://millionhearts.hhs.gov/</a> to find other useful Million Hearts<sup>®</sup> resources.





For more information, please visit the CDC's Million Hearts® website at: millionhearts.hhs.gov

or

the AHA's Million Hearts® webpage at:

http://www.heart.org/HEARTORG/Advocate/American-Heart-Association-Million-Hearts\_UCM\_463392\_Article.jsp

#### References

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