SEVERITY-BASED STROKE TRIAGE ALGORITHM FOR EMS

ON SCENE

- Interview patient, family members and other witnesses to determine Last Known Well (LKW) time and time of Symptom Discovery.
- Attempt to identify possible stroke mimics (e.g., seizure, migraine, intoxication) and determine if patient has pre-existing substantial disability (need for nursing homecare or inability to walk without help from others).
- Encourage family to go directly to Emergency Department if not transported with patient and obtain mobile number of next of kin and witnesses.
- If Mobile Stroke Unit available—follow Mobile Stroke Unit Protocol.

- Each EMS agency should utilize a published and validated stroke screen to assess patients with non-traumatic onset of focal neurologic deficits and validated tool to assess possible Large Vessel Occlusion (LVO).
- Patients who are eligible for IV Alteplase if transported to nearest Acute Stroke Ready Hospital (ASRH) or PSC should not be rerouted to a CSC or EVT-capable Center if doing so would result in a delay that would make them ineligible for IV Alteplase.
- Collect a list of current medications (especially anticoagulants) and obtain patient history including co-morbid conditions (e.g., serious kidney or liver disease, recent surgery, procedures or stroke) that may impact treatment decisions.

For more information please go to: www.heart.org/missionlifelinesstroke