American Heart Association

Heartsaver Bloodborne Pathogens Course

Optional Written Test

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Heartsaver Bloodborne Pathogens Course

Please do not mark on this test. Record the best answer on the separate answer sheet.

1. Employers provide exposure control plans that are:
   a. Accessible only during day shift hours
   b. For supervisors only
   c. Kept at corporate headquarters
   d. Written, describes the purpose and made available to all employees

2. Which of the following lists examples of bloodborne pathogens?
   a. Measles
   b. Colds
   c. Hepatitis, Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV)
   d. Chickenpox

3. Bloodborne pathogens can enter the body when:
   a. Blood enters the nose, mouth or eyes
   b. Blood touches a cut on the skin
   c. You are stuck with a needle with blood on it
   d. All of the above

4. Contaminated needles and sharps:
   a. Should not be bent or broken
   b. Should be placed in a sharps container
   c. May have special devices called engineering controls
   d. All of the above

5. Mark held pressure on a bleeding wound of a co-worker for several minutes. He removes his gloves to discover that he has blood on his hand. What should he do immediately?
   a. Report the incident to his supervisor before cleaning his hands
   b. Call his physician for a referral
   c. Wash his hands with large amounts of soap and water
   d. Use a dry towel to remove the blood
6. **Which of the following is correct?**
   a. Only needles are “sharps”
   b. Sharps can be bent before placing in a container
   c. Sharps are any contaminated object that can penetrate the skin
   d. Recapping a dirty needle is considered safe

7. **A diabetic co-worker leaves a used needle and syringe on the sink. What should you do?**
   a. Leave it where it was found
   b. Dispose of it in a sharps container if allowed by your exposure control plan
   c. Use disinfectant spray on the needle and place in regular trash
   d. Leave the area to find a supervisor

8. **What does cleaning a small blood spill require?**
   a. Using a surface disinfectant cleaner
   b. Soap and water only to clean the spill
   c. Wiping with a dry, soft cloth
   d. Allowing the blood spill to dry completely before cleaning

9. **After a bloodborne pathogen incident, the employer:**
   a. Reports medical details of the employee to co-workers
   b. Makes a confidential medical evaluation available to the employee
   c. Is not required to fill out any OSHA forms
   d. Is not required to offer medical evaluation to the employee

10. **Where can you find information regarding OSHA’s bloodborne pathogens standard?**
    a. In the employer’s exposure control plan
    b. In this AHA training course
    c. On the OSHA website
    d. All of the above are correct